





Cupid in the country, to be touched only by flowers, dew-drops, gentle zephyrs, and the rays of the moon, uninterrupted by chimneys and spires. Was he afraid the young urchin would be crushed, or lost, in the multitude of a city?—or, did he fear our ladies would treat him with less gentleness or complaisance than country maidens? It is truly surprising that he did not suffer him to exercise his art of sharp-shooting in our promenades, churches, assemblies, theatres, &c. What is to be done? Must we all subscribe to these absurd sentiments, and despair of finding a champion to fight for love and the ladies in the city? No—rather than suffer it to pass uncontradicted, that "there is no love in the city," I, although bleeding with the wounds I have received from Cupid, will enter the list in his defence, and challenge the combined force of Prejudices, Poets, and Bachelors. I can use no better weapons in this warfare than my own experience and observation of the conduct of others. I have been in love for years; and, fair reader, it was not a passion of the tamest kind, or one that I could assume and lay aside at pleasure. It compelled me to be on guard half the night; to search newspapers, magazines, and circulating libraries for scraps of poetry to express my passion, and to set Sunday after Sunday within the hearing of the singing pronunciation of the parson of our Church, that I might be in the presence of the fair object of my affections. I would not be without love for the world—for the possession of the whole world would afford me far less satisfaction than that which I enjoy in cherishing this passion of passions. It is a substitute to me for every thing that can be bought with money, and it supplies me with many things that the most ample funds cannot purchase. But I am wandering from the point. My high sense of its value has urged me unwittingly to bestow some encomiums, before offering all my arguments in favour of its existence. After reading the above candid statement, I presume none, however crusty, will doubt my acquaintance and even intimacy with the little winged god. Now, gentle lady, I must solicit your aid to prove, that I am not the only one in this city who has experienced the thrilling sensation produced by the swift arrows from Cupid's bow. I make this request with not a little confidence of having it complied with, as I have ever been so judicious in my demands on the ladies that I have seldom suffered a denial, and my particular acquaintances have long since decided, in their minds, that whatever I ask must be just, and necessarily granted. I do not wish you to come forward and declare, to me and to the world, that you have been in love, are in love, or ever expect to be in love. No—far be it from me! I would not have you perform such an active part, and devote so much from your passive loveliness. Only permit me to ask a few questions, and you may reply as you please—by blushes, by smiles, or by saying no when you mean yes. In either manner you will be perfectly understood; for I profess to know as much about a lady's heart, by her eyes and countenance, as by her words. Instead of having no love, is not yours, in reality, unbounded? Do you not love all the gentlemen with whom you are acquainted equally the same?—or, at least, do you not try to make each one think he is a particular favourite? Do you not trifle away an hour with a gentleman in the most lovely manner—a second with another—a third with another—and so on, till you seem, to all, full of love and loveliness? Enough, enough! there is love in a city! Yes—and happy is the man who can concentrate the unbounded love of some fair one on himself.

GUSTAVUS VAN TRAFFLE.

## EUROPEAN AFFAIRS.

### LATEST FROM EUROPE.

By the arrival at New-York, of the packet ship Bayard, Captain Robinson, from Havre, Paris papers to the 1st of October, inclusive, have been received.

The Paris papers state from all points of France intelligence was received of the deep sorrow produced by the announcement of the death of Louis XVIII, but the regret experienced was mingled with joy at the favourable auspices under which the new reign commenced.

The Court of Spain have gone into mourning for 30 days for the late King of France.

The Court of Sardinia have gone into mourning for two months for his late Majesty, Louis XVIII. The King of Sardinia, who is brother-in-law to the late monarch, upon receiving intelligence of his death, gave orders for all the theatres and public establishments to be closed for five days.

Galligani's Messenger of the 30th September, contains a decree of the new Sovereign of France, by which the French press has been to a degree UNSHACKLED. Charles, as his proclamation sets forth, "not deeming it necessary to maintain for a longer period the measure (which was adopted under different circumstances), against the liberty of the press," ordains, "that the proclamation of the 15th of last August, which recalled into force the laws of March 31, 1820, and July 26, 1821, shall cease to have effect." Thus, we believe, is the censorship of the press, centuries of a nullity, or at least its most objectionable features have been obliterated.

A letter from Corfu, of the 23d Aug. confirms the account of a naval engagement between the Greek and Turkish fleets off Samos. The Greeks captured 29 gun boats, 3 frigates, 2 corvettes, and a frigate. They also blew up the line of battle ship in which the Captain Pacha had hoisted his flag. Canaris, the Greek sea-warrior, was the cause of the destruction of this vessel—i.e. himself, however, perished by the explosion. During this action, the Samians defeated and cut to pieces a multitude of the Turks, who had embarked upon rafts at Micae, in order to make a descent upon another point of the island.

The Black Rover has appeared in Nottingham, England, and is attributed to Egyptian Cotton.

It is again reported the heavy Fish Duty has been taken off in Spain.

It is in contemplation to erect in London, a monument to the memory of the late Rev. John Wesley, to consist of a spacious building for missionary purposes, and in which the great public religious anniversaries may be held. This measure was originated some months ago by several of the administrators of the founder of Methodism.

The new roads formed in England on the plan suggested by Mr. Adams, have been greatly improved by pouring melted tar over the stones in sufficient quantity to fill the interstices, and before it cools, sifting some fine gravel or sand over it.

It is remarkable that Louis XVIII. is the second King of France who died on the 16th September. Charles V. surnamed the Wise, died on that day in 1380, 447 years ago. This is supposed to have struck the imagination of the late King, who was a perfect master of historical dates, for when his illness assumed a character of imminent danger on Monday evening, he said to his attendants, "I shall fall till Thursday," which was the fatal 16th of September.

**SCRAPS.**  
From late London papers.

A French surgeon lately produced an ox's brain before the Society of Medicine. It was not only petrified, but had acquired the hardness of flint. The butcher, with all his might, could not cleave it asunder. It appeared like a piece of rock work. What is here remarkable, this ox was both fat and vigorous, so as to break loose four times from the butcher, whereas the only instance of a petrified ox's brain on record, is that of Bartholin's ox, killed at Stockholm: but that ox was very lean, appeared sickly, went always with his head down, which determined the owner to part with him.

In Paris there are at present, nine public gaming houses, licensed by the government, which annually receives from them a revenue of six million of francs, or £230,000 for permission to keep them. On an average, one suicide happens every day. It is considered that gaming is the cause of this frequent destruction of life. One of the holders of the tables cleared £30,000 during the last year.

The Discovery, in which, accompanied by the Resolution, Captain Cook made his last voyage, and which, after his death, Feb. 14, 1779, at Owyhee, arrived at Sheerness, Sept. 21, 1780, is now the convict ship at Deptford. The interior has undergone considerable alterations to adapt it for the purpose, but the hull and exterior remain in a state of perfect soundness in their original condition.

**Singular Occurrence.**—A London paper of the 23rd of September, states, that the inhabitants of Devonport have been thrown into the greatest consternation, by the appearance of a contagious disease among the artificers in the dock-yard. Within the last fortnight several men, who had slightly bruised or accidentally cut themselves in the progress of their work, have become alarmingly ill. Mortification has ensued, and seven shipwrights and two sawyers have died. These melancholy events were, by many medical men, attributed to atmospheric influence, but to ascertain the probable cause, Dr. Bell, an eminent surgeon, opened the body of George Nicoll, a shipwright, who had died on the preceding day. In the course of the dissection, he unfortunately happened to scratch one of his fingers, which passed unnoticed at the time. But on this afternoon he became alarmed, as on examining the scratch, he feared he had imbibed some morbid matter. Shortly afterwards he felt a shivering come on, and he was immediately put to bed and bled. The best medical aid was administered, and the most rigid attention paid to his case; but, in spite of all, the symptoms daily became worse, and he died on the fourth day. It is feared something in the nature of a plague has been retained amongst the timber of some old vessels recently broken up.

**Legal Wit.**—At Salisbury Assizes, in the case of Alderson, v. Sir C. Poore, an action nominally against the Sheriff for the recovery of a sum of £200, which had been levied under an execution in March last, Mr. Sergeant Pell, in the course of his reply, was interrupted frequently by the barking of a mastiff dog in the fair, which was held in the vicinity of the Court. At length the vocal powers of the dog are completely overpowered by those of the learned Sergeant, who, after a pleasant observation—"Gentlemen, if you please, I will stop until the opposing counsel has concluded his address." (A laugh.) The dog, however, persevered. "He is not, I assure you, gentlemen, (looking significantly at Mr. Adams), the only dogmatical counsel who sometimes makes his voice heard."—Mr. Adams: "Go on, brother."—Mr. Sergeant Pell: "Gentlemen, you hear Mr. Adams says, 'Go on, brother.' I am at a loss to know—is the brother inside or outside the Court?"—(Renewed laughter.)—The learned Sergeant then proceeded with his address. Verdict for the plaintiff.

**Inveterate Technicality.**—The usual place of resort for Dublin duellists is called the Fifteen Acres. An Attorney of that city, in penning a challenge a short time ago, thought, most likely, he was drawing a lease, and invited his antagonist to meet him at "the place called Fifteen Acres, be the same more or less!"

**Mushrooms.**—A bricklayer's labourer, employed at some new buildings in Lowther-street, Carlisle, was not a little surprised on finding that his hod, which he had left in its usual place on the preceding evening, had become a nursery for mushrooms. From the straw pad, for the protection of the shoulder, five or six mushrooms had sprung up during the night, though the straw was devoid of moisture.

**A Common Scold.**—On the 26th of Sept. at the Union Hall, an old lady was fined 5s. for being drunk and causing a riot during church time. The old lady said it was very hard to be fined 5s. for setting an old grudge with her sister, whom she had not seen for 12 months.

**Ireland.**—The number of licensed spirit retailers in Ireland, for the year 1822, was 10,855; of grocers, 6033; brewers, 205; chandlers, 721; coachmakers, 56; goldsmiths, 47; malsters, 250; and the number of gallons of spirits made was 2,052,795.

**Population.**—A woman named Tribondeau (instead of Quatre-bonds), of Vire (Saarthe), whose existence we are sure Mr. Malthus would consider an outrage upon humanity, was delivered of four children at a birth in 1823; and it seems not being properly punished for this offence, she repeated it in August last, by bringing three girls and a boy into this breathing world.

**House set on Fire by Rain.**—However paradoxical this title may appear, it is certainly founded in truth. During the heavy rain on Wednesday, the 8th Sept. at the bleach mill belonging to Thomas Pickering, Commendatore, near Judbury, an out house with its contents, a cart, wagon, ploughs, &c. were all nearly destroyed by the rain communicating with some unslackened lime contained in the building, which soon ignited, and the fire had made considerable progress before it could be overcome.—*Tyne Mercury.*

The present King of Persia has thirty-nine sons and one hundred and forty daughters.

M. Dupin says, the number of our harbours, docks, piers, and light houses, extend over more than 600 leagues of coast; our canals, i.e. length, 1,000 leagues; our roads, 46,000 leagues; and that even the pipes for conveying gas and water through the streets of London reach to 400 leagues.

A *Miser* in Altona lately gave an entertainment to a few friends. When the juice of the grape had evaporated, he waited on a magistrate, and begged to be committed to prison, for having robbed himself of 10 dollars!

A most extraordinary case of forgery is stated in a London paper. A man by the name of Henry Faulterley stands charged with having committed forgery to the amount of two hundred thousand pounds, or about a million of dollars. He was a managing partner in an extensive banking establishment—the first forgery was an instrument by which he sold property to the profits. He exculpates his partners in the banking establishment altogether, and is now confined, with two watchmen employed night and day, to prevent him from the perpetration of suicide.

**Curious Cause for War.**—In 1005, some soldiers of Modena ran away with a bucket from a public well, belonging to the state of Bologna. This bucket might be worth a shilling; but it produced a quarrel which was worked up into a long and bloody war. Henry, the King of Sarlin, son of the Emperor Henry the Second, assisted the Modenese to keep possession of the bucket. His father, the Emperor, offered a chain of gold that would encircle Bologna, which is se-

ven miles in compass, for his son's ransom, but in vain. After 22 years of imprisonment, his father being dead, he pined away and died. The fatal bucket is still exhibited in the tower of the Cathedral of Modena, inclosed in an iron cage. The offer of the gold chain seems a ridiculous one, but there are many at this time in London who could make a very few ounces of gold answer the purpose: as a single grain can be hammered until it is the thirty-thousandth part of a line in thickness, and will cover 50 square inches; and each square inch may be divided into two hundred strips, reaching more than one-eighth part of a mile. The Bolognese were probably aware of the ductility of this metal, and were not to be duped into such a bargain.

**WEEKLY COMPENDIUM.**  
[Compiled for the Saturday Evening Post.]

Mr. A. Finley, bookseller of this city, has published a fourth American edition of the well known and very useful Dictionary of quotations. The form is a neat duodecimo, and the work is enlarged and corrected.

We are happy to learn that the venerable Bishop White, is rapidly recovering from the injury sustained from being thrown from a gig, near Lewis town, some short time since.

Mr. Shuckler, the Watch Maker and Jeweller in Chestnut street, whose store was broken open and robbed some time since, has had the good fortune to obtain part of the property stolen, and to have secured a person suspected of being the Robber.

A letter from Havana received in this city, under date of the 24th ult. states that a report was in circulation at Havana, that an American sch. had been captured on the coast by the pirates, and all hands put to death except a Spanish passenger.

Messrs. Bower and Vandusen, at their ship yard, Kensington, will shortly lay the keel (160 feet long) of a frigate for the Colombian service. A fleet of gun boats, for the same government, was, not long since, despatched from the same yard.

Capt. Burns, of the sch. Province, arrived at this port in 12 days from Havana, reports that the day before he sailed, a letter was received from Matanzas, stating that one of the United States vessels, the *Porpoise*, (it is believed,) had captured a large piratical vessel, having three boats in tow.

The Lehigh company, have now at their different coal stations, in this city and vicinity, nearly twelve thousand tons of coal, and are daily receiving additional supplies. Liverpool coal is \$17 per chaldron in New York.

**Mammoth Radish.**—E. CLOPP, Esq. of Elkton, Md. a few days ago took from his garden, a Radish weighing two and a half pounds, and measuring twenty-seven and a half inches in circumference.

A newspaper lately established in New York, entitled "the People's Press, was discontinued after having been in existence six days.

The Elm Grove Factory, Butternuts, Otsego co. N. Y. owned by Mr. Jonas Greenwood, took fire on the 30th Oct. and was completely consumed. The clothes and books upon the first floor only were saved. The machinery and stock, upon the second and third floors above were in ashes. Loss estimated from 5 to 6000 dollars—not one cent of which was insured.

The "New York Shipping List" mentions that a case was decided in that city last week, in which the owner of a ship was held responsible for damage done to a cargo on freight—being eaten by RATS. The principle of the decision has been fully recognised by writers on Marine Law, who have also held that the master and owners were exonerated by having CATS on board.

One hundred and twenty square rigged vessels have been built in the British province of New Brunswick during the present season. This number, however, includes a few built on the Nova Scotia side of the bay of Fundy, on New Brunswick account.

The government of the United States requires all boats navigating the West-India Canal, of five tons burthen or upwards, to pay a tonnage duty of six cents per ton per annum.

The Legislature of Rhode Island adjourned on the 30th ultimo, after a session of five days.

The brig Robert Read, capt. Haskell, sailed from New York, for Aux Cayes, on Sunday, with a full complement of emigrants. As usual arrangements were made previous to their departure, for the preservation of good order: a number of officers were chosen, and a list of laws and regulations was drawn up and adopted.

One hundred and seventy bales of Upland Cotton of a superior quality, were sold at Charleston on the 29th ult. for this market, at 16 cents.

Professor Everett is elected to represent Middlesex District, (Mass.) in the 19th Congress, by a majority of 180 votes over Mr. Keyes.

Among the wonders of the vegetable creation, the public papers mention the following:—At the Middlesex Cattle Show, a water-melon weighing 48 pounds—at Salem a beet, 25 pounds—in Hillsborough, a cabbage-head, 22 pounds—at Portland, a Canada squash, weighing 97 pounds—and in Canada near Montreal, a cucumber, four feet two inches long.

A large number of coloured people have arrived at New York, from Providence, (R. I.) with the intention of emigrating to St. Domingo.

Mr. Duffel, formerly of this city, is teaching the French language in New York, with very great success.

Benjamin Smith, Esq. of Elizabethtown, N. J. who died on the 23d ult. has bequeathed \$2,500 to endow a scholarship in the Theological Seminary at Princeton.

A great scarcity of seamen prevails at New-York, and many vessels are detained for want of crews.

De Witt Clinton, Esq. has been elected Governor of the State of New York, by a large majority.

**Large Pumpkin.**—A sweet pumpkin, weighing 149 pounds, and measuring 6 feet 3 inches in circumference, was raised this season by Mr. Michael Mahon, on the farm of W. Grimshaw, Esq. situated about one mile south of Harrisburg, Pa.

James A. Munroe has been re-elected Governor of the State of Ohio, by a respectable majority.

**Yankee Enterprise.**—The brig Uranus, Chadwick has arrived at Rio de Janeiro, with a cargo of salt beef and hides, which had been obtained by killing the wild cattle on the coast of Patagonia. The beef was well preserved, and of a good quality.

The Reading, Pa. paper of the 6th inst. states that the New York Company were busily engaged in transporting Coal owned by them by land, to the outlet locks of the Schuylkill Canal, a distance of about two miles, where they were re-shipping for further transportation.

The boats, the Dr. Witt Clinton, Gen. Heister, and Columbus, laden with coal for the New York market, left Reading on the 5th inst.

At the Exhibition at Topsfield, Mass. on Tuesday week, six Cows were in the pens from the farm of Col. Jesse Putnam, in Danvers, which have yielded milk sufficient since the first day of May last, to make 935 lbs. of good butter, and upwards of 1100 lbs. of cheese.

It appears by letters received in London from Havre, that the French Government are desirous of throwing obstacles in the way of communication with St. Domingo, as a vessel bound for Port-au-Prince had been refused clearance for that place and in consequence, been compelled to clear out for St. Thomas.

A western paper states, that such has been the increase of commerce on the Erie Canal, that for some time past the Erie Canal Company of Rochester, have paid in tolls to the state, upon an average, one thousand dollars a day.

A horrid and atrocious murder has been recently committed on the body of Mr. Ryland, a teacher in Montgomery county, Md. and brother to the Rev. W. Ryland, late Chaplain to Congress. The particulars are not yet known; but some

negroes who were privy to his receiving a large sum of money, are suspected of the deed.

Mr. Farland, one of the persons concerned in the robbery at St. Johns, Lower Canada, made his escape from the Albany gaol, while placed there for a night on his way from Rochester to Montreal.

On the night of the 22d Oct. a house occupied by Mrs. Ingalls, a widow, was burnt, in Plymouth, N. H. two of her children, one eight and the other six years old, perished in the flames. After putting the children to bed, the mother went to visit a neighbor.

The Bedstead which La Fayette used in Baltimore, was sold at auction last week. It was purchased by a South American gentleman, by whom it is intended as a present to Bolivar.

A superb square Piano, of unrivalled elegance of workmanship and of the most exquisite tone, has been finished by the Messrs. Geib's of New-York, and sold for seven hundred dollars.

The sch. Trio, which left Portsmouth, a few days since, returned the next day, the crew (7 hands) having caught, in about 9 hours, 60 blbs. mackerel!

At the Circuit Court, held by Judge Duer for Schoharie county, N. Y. last week, Jeremiah Slingerland, a half blood Indian, indicted for the murder of his wife, was found guilty of manslaughter only, and sentenced to imprisonment in the state prison for fourteen years.

**Large Round Turnip.**—Mr. William Whitaker, of Attleborough, Mass. has this year raised a round Turnip, weighing eighteen pounds and measuring forty two inches in circumference; and what is worthy of notice, it was only 80 days from the time the seed was put into the earth before the turnip was gathered.

**Bear.**—A white bear was killed on the Susquehanna, with thick soft fur and long ears. As it is rare for a white Bear to appear so far from cold regions, we infer that Bruin was a stranger in these parts.

The Treasurer of the American Bible Society has acknowledged the receipt of \$1669 82, during the month of October. The issues during the month were 2437 bibles, and 3291 testaments, valued at \$3039 64.

On Saturday evening last, a dray horse took flight while standing in Chestnut street: he ran with great speed down Front street to the wharf. The drayman, with great intrepidity, seized the reins, but unfortunately got entangled in them, was prostrated to the ground, and crushed by the horse and dray going over him. Dr. Coates rendered him immediate assistance, without effect: he was sent to the hospital directly, where he survived but a short time. A wife and six small children deplore the sudden and melancholy exit of this unfortunate man.

**Interesting news from Peru.**—We have perused a letter from Porio Bello, dated the 18th of last month, (October) from which we extract the following paragraphs:—"We yesterday received news from Peru—Bolivar and Canter have met and had a general action, in which the latter was killed and his army routed. Bolivar had 15,000 men, and lost 6000 in killed and wounded. He has possession of Lima and Callao—he drives all before him."

Mr. Joseph White and a lady who resided in the fork of the Coosa and Talapoosa, about half a mile from the Indian line in Alabama, were barbarously murdered on the 8th ult. by a party who broke into the house, and inflicted on Mr. White ten or twelve wounds. After murdering him, they set fire to the house, and a woman who had acted as his housekeeper, perished in the flames. A company of twelve men started immediately in pursuit of the ruffians.

It is asserted that the president will, at the next session of Congress, recommend the establishment of another department in our government, to be called "the department of Domestic Affairs."—President Madison strongly recommended the establishment of such a department in his day, and the necessity has greatly increased. The measure will create a new member of the cabinet. Here, we believe, the European system is reversed, and the President is responsible, and not the cabinet.

On the 27th ult. a meeting was held at Quebec, for the purpose of carrying into operation a plan for navigating the rapids of the St. Lawrence, from Lachine to Prescott, a distance of about 120 miles. A committee of seven was appointed to receive subscriptions, &c. The contemplated cost is \$120,000. The plan proposed is to construct boats with paddles similar to those used in steam boats, which, with the help of a "very simple apparatus may be applied to tow up other boats." The committee are authorised to procure an accurate survey of the rapids, their depth, velocity, &c. and to ascertain whether a channel for steam boats cannot be made.

**Madam Turbide and family.**—The schooner United States, Capt. Fitch, of Baltimore, arrived at Barataria on the 28th ult. from St. Louis, having on board as passengers, the widow of the ex-emperor of Mexico, and her family and suite, consisting of two children, a nephew, two priests, and two servants. The ladies of Commodore Patterson and Capt. Cunningham, who have a summer residence at that place, urged this unfortunate stranger (who appeared to be in a very delicate state of health) to come to New Orleans and remain a few weeks until her health should be restored. Her nephew and one of the priests were in the sch. for Havana, whence they will continue the voyage for Baltimore. It is the intention of Madam I. to remain a few weeks at Mr. Zacharie's plantation; to proceed through the western country, on the first rise of water, for a northern port, and thence embark for Europe.

**Mineralogy.**—It is stated in the Quebec papers, that the coast of Labrador abounds with valuable and beautiful specimens of the quartz family, particularly the different varieties of corneal, agate, opal, jasper, and a peculiar kind of field spar, of the sky blue variety, almost exclusively found on that coast. The latter is hard, and takes a fine polish. Some parts of it had been cut and manufactured into snuff boxes, rings, &c. It is found imbedded in a gray granite rock. The whole north shore of the St. Lawrence from Quebec to its mouth, and the Labrador coast, appear to present a wide field for the researches of the geologist and mineralogist which is not generally met with.

Last week, Samuel Jones, a respectable looking young man, on his road from Boston to New-York, on foot, within half a mile of Bloomingdale, N. Y. was overtaken by two persons, who immediately knocked him down, cut his throat in three different places, and then robbed him of all his money, (about twelve dollars) and all his clothes. He succeeded in crawling to the tavern of Mr. Burnham, at Bloomingdale, who humanely picked him up, and took him to the city Hospital.

**VERMONT.**—The Secretary of State has communicated to the Legislature a return of the deaf and dumb persons in that State, agreeably to a late resolution: from which it appears that, in 47 towns, there are 79 persons of that description, 44 males, 35 females—11 over 30 years of age, 22 between 20 and 30; 37 between 10 and 20; 8 under 10, and one whose age was not returned.

**Indian Disputes.**—Not long since it was reported, that a war party, composed of Ottawas and Pottawatimies, were assembled in the vicinity of Fort Wayne, for the purpose of avenging themselves on the Miami, for some murders which had been committed by them, unless they would consent to an amicable arrangement of the dispute. Mr. Belcher, recently from Fort Wayne, states that the dispute is settled—the Miami's having paid the injured parties \$5000. Mr. B. also states that a

quantity of goods, belonging to the American Fur Company, valued at about \$6000, has been seized by an agent of the Indian Department, on an alleged infringement of the law regulating trade with the Indians, on the part of those who have goods in possession.

It is said that a dreadful civil war is raging in the Republic of Guatemala in the beginning of the month. This Territory, extending from the Gulf of Spain (or Mexico) on the North-west, nearly to the isthmus of Darien, and bounded on the south by the Caribbean Sea and westerly by the Pacific Ocean, its inhabitants wished to annex to the United States, and for this purpose, were some time since despatched by the Government to Washington; but, from the great extent of this country to the possession of any one nation, not immediately connected with the United States, their mission was defeated. Guatemala, a chief city of Guatemala, was on the 7th of September, invested by an army 3,500 strong.

Two men having a dispute in Ohio, one of them said to the other, "I am not able to fight you, but I will meet you with a musket any day you like to meet me." This being decided to be a duel, the man was indicted at the late term of Belmont county court, found guilty, and sentenced to imprisonment and hard labor in the Penitentiary for two years—that being the shortest time prescribed by the law of the state, for sending a challenge to a duel.

The supercargo of the ship Factor, from Calcutta, brings the following information:—"The Birmeese war was still raging with no prospect of its early termination. The British army had been drawn from Chittagong, for the purpose of a general junction of forces in Rangoon, and they succeeded in capturing Rangoon in May. The principal part of the Birman empire, has been reduced to 40,000 inhabitants, and contains some 100,000 missions; among them, one of the American Baptist Society. The Birmeese, taking advantage of the withdrawal of the British force, had approached Chittagong, with an army of upwards of 10,000 men, but hearing of the fall of Rangoon, retreated towards Ava. The British army rescued the missionaries, who had been ordered to evacuate the Birmeese commanders. The Birmeese suspension of the official accounts of the war had been suspended at Calcutta.

An Indian was lately killed at Detroit in a scuffle with a party of the name of Laurens, who had ordered two of them to leave a field of potatoes which they were digging without permission, when one of them drew a knife to stab the other, which was prevented by the son of Laurens, who seized a club and struck the assailant so severely on the head as to cause his immediate death. A number of Indians turned out, which caused some apprehension, and a party of troops were sent to the spot, but it was ascertained that the object was to bury their comrade, not to revenge his death.

The shock of an earthquake was felt at Quebec, on the 28th of October, at midnight. It was violent, and in the lower town its effects on the houses were such that it appeared suddenly to descend two or three inches, and then to rise up with a tremulous motion, and the beams and floor appeared to be breaking asunder. The motion was similar to that which would be given to a house, if the foundation had given way. In other buildings chimney ornaments were thrown down. This is the third shock felt at Quebec since the year 1821.

**EXTRAORDINARY CIRCUMSTANCE.**  
A few days since a servant girl was walking by the side of the canal near Mr. Raworth's wharf, at Nottingham, N. Y. with an infant in her arms, when, looking at the child instead of her path, she stepped from the road into the water, and the child instantly disappeared. A man who saw the accident hastened to the spot, and fortunately caught the girl by the tail of her dress, but, on raising her in the water, it appeared that the child was no longer in her arms. The man hastily pulled her out, that he might have a chance of saving the infant, when, to his great surprise, he found that the little innocent had instinctively caught hold of the bottom of the girl's petticoat; which it grasped so firmly, that it was safely drawn out.

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**Philadelphia Typographical Society.**  
TWENTY SECOND ANNIVERSARY.  
The "Philadelphia Typographical Society" held their Annual Election for officers, on Saturday evening, November 6th, at Mr. George Parkinson's Green House, Chestnut street, when the following gentlemen were elected for the ensuing year:—

JAMES M'KIBBIN, President.  
JAMES RUSSELL, Vice President.  
WILLIAM GARDEN, Treasurer.

After the usual business of the Society was transacted, the members and honorary members, acted, down to an elegant and sumptuous entertainment prepared by Mr. Parkinson. The cloth being removed, the following toasts were drunk, with much hilarity, interspersed with songs. The company retired at an early hour, nothing having occurred to mar the pleasure of the evening:—

1. *The Day*—and all who honour it—may there be many repetitions of it, and the cause of its friends be well filled with the national spirit.

2. *The Art of Printing*—Its birth broke the cramps of ignorance and science, which no longer confined by them, unless they would consent to an amicable arrangement of the dispute. Mr. Belcher, recently from Fort Wayne, states that the dispute is settled—the Miami's having paid the injured parties \$5000. Mr. B. also states that a

quantity of goods, belonging to the American Fur Company, valued at about \$6000, has been seized by an agent of the Indian Department, on an alleged infringement of the law regulating trade with the Indians, on the part of those who have goods in possession.

It is said that a dreadful civil war is raging in the Republic of Guatemala in the beginning of the month. This Territory, extending from the Gulf of Spain (or Mexico) on the North-west, nearly to the isthmus of Darien, and bounded on the south by the Caribbean Sea and westerly by the Pacific Ocean, its inhabitants wished to annex to the United States, and for this purpose, were some time since despatched by the Government to Washington; but, from the great extent of this country to the possession of any one nation, not immediately connected with the United States, their mission was defeated. Guatemala, a chief city of Guatemala, was on the 7th of September, invested by an army 3,500 strong.

Two men having a dispute in Ohio, one of them said to the other, "I am not able to fight you, but I will meet you with a musket any day you like to meet me." This being decided to be a duel, the man was indicted at the late term of Belmont county court, found guilty, and sentenced to imprisonment and hard labor in the Penitentiary for two years—that being the shortest time prescribed by the law of the state, for sending a challenge to a duel.

The supercargo of the ship Factor, from Calcutta, brings the following information:—"The Birmeese war was still raging with no prospect of its early termination. The British army had been drawn from Chittagong, for the purpose of a general junction of forces in Rangoon, and they succeeded in capturing Rangoon in May. The principal part of the Birman empire, has been reduced to 40,000 inhabitants, and contains some 100,000 missions; among them, one of the American Baptist Society. The Birmeese, taking advantage of the withdrawal of the British force, had approached Chittagong, with an army of upwards of 10,000 men, but hearing of the fall of Rangoon, retreated towards Ava. The British army rescued the missionaries, who had been ordered to evacuate the Birmeese commanders. The Birmeese suspension of the official accounts of the war had been suspended at Calcutta.

An Indian was lately killed at Detroit in a scuffle with a party of the name of Laurens, who had ordered two of them to leave a field of potatoes which they were digging without permission, when one of them drew a knife to stab the other, which was prevented by the son of Laurens, who seized a club and struck the assailant so severely on the head as to cause his immediate death. A number of Indians turned out, which caused some apprehension, and a party of troops were sent to the spot, but it was ascertained that the object was to bury their comrade, not to revenge his death.

The shock of an earthquake was felt at Quebec, on the 28th of October, at midnight. It was violent, and in the lower town its effects on the houses were such that it appeared suddenly to descend two or three inches, and then to rise up with a tremulous motion, and the beams and floor appeared to be breaking asunder. The motion was similar to that which would be given to a house, if the foundation had given way. In other buildings chimney ornaments were thrown down. This is the third shock felt at Quebec since the year 1821.

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**Topographical Society.**  
FIFTY-SECOND ANNIVERSARY.  
The Topographical Society held its annual meeting on Saturday evening, the 20th inst., at the residence of Mr. George Parkinson's street, when the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:—  
President,  
Vice President,  
N. Treasurer.  
The business of the Society was transacted by the reading of reports and honorary members, sat in the most sumptuous entertainment, and the evening was spent in the most agreeable manner. The company was very large, and nothing having occurred of particular interest, the evening closed at a late hour.  
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President, Mr. J. M. Smith.  
Vice President, Mr. J. M. Smith.  
N. Treasurer, Mr. J. M. Smith.  
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Besides the articles we have mentioned, the Magazine contains many others, which want of time alone has prevented us from noticing, most of them being well entitled to praise, and altogether of the places they occupy. We again recommend this periodical to the public, and hope that the compensation it affords the Editor, will be such as amply to remunerate him for the expense incurred by its publication.

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On the subject of law, now becoming so interesting to this city, a writer says—"I am aware that a supposed difficulty of ignition of the Lehigh coal is urged against its value; but from one season's use of it, I can safely say, that no material difficulty exists, if there is only a properly constructed grate and flue. As a proof that the supposed difficulties of ignition have disappeared in Philadelphia, I would refer to the report of the managers of the company, made to the stockholders in January last, and published in the Philadelphia papers, wherein they state, that their sales

**IN CHANCERY OF NEW-JERSEY.**

*Isaiah Tye, Complainant, and  
Benjamin Coe, Solomon Mason, Deborah Fenton,  
John Haines, Joel James, Executor of John  
Warner, Defendants.*

On Bill, &c. filed  
Oct. 27, 1824.

*His wife, John Nene, Assignee of Joshua S. Burr,  
John Wolcott, & The President, Directors and  
Company of the Farmers' Bank of New-Jersey,  
Defendants.*

**T** appearing to this court, that the complainant hath filed  
his bill in the above cause, and that process of subpoena  
has appeared in answer: directed to the defendants, on the 10th of October in-  
stant, but that the defendant, Deborah Fenton could not be  
found in this state, to be served therein, and hath not  
appeared for appearance, and that the complainant hath  
been duly served, and it being made to appear by affi-  
davit to the satisfaction of the Chancellor, that said De-  
borah resides out of this state, to-wit: the city of Philadelphia  
in the County of Philadelphia, in the State of Pennsylvania, on the 17th  
day of October, in the year of our Lord, 1824 on motion for  
John Nene, solicitor of the complainant, by a court directed  
to the Clerk of the said court, to cause the said Deborah  
to be served with a copy of the said subpoena, and to  
plead, answer or demur, to the complainant's bill of com-  
plaint, on or before the first 1st day of January next, or that  
in default thereof, such decree be made against her as the  
Chancellor shall think proper, and that the said Deborah  
understand, that this order shall, within twenty days here after,  
be served personally on the said Deborah Fenton, by a deliver-  
er of the said court, or by a postman, in the said  
twenty days, to-wit: From Trenton, in a newspaper printed  
at Trenton, in this state, and continued therein for at least  
successively at least once in every week; and also within the  
said twenty days, to-wit: From Trenton, in a newspaper  
continued therein for at least successively, once at least in  
every week.

ISAAC H. WILLIAMSON, CLK.

1 prize of 10,000 Dollars.  
2 prizes of 5,000 Dollars.  
30 prizes of 1,000 Dollars.  
20 prizes of 500 Dollars.  
5 prizes of 100 Dollars.  
100 prizes of 50 Dollars.  
5,000 prizes of 10 Dollars.

The whole to be in CASH, and all payable in CASH, which can be had at Cohen's Office, the moment they are drawn. \*

Whole Tickets, \$10 1/4 Quarters, \$2 30  
Halves, 5 1/2 Fifths, 1 25

To be had in the greatest variety of Numbers at

**COHEN'S**

**LOTTERY AND EXCHANGE OFFICE,**  
No 114 Market Street, Baltimore

Where BOTH the Capital Prize of 20,000 Dollars and 10,000, drawn in the Nonpareil Lottery on Thursday last, where the City of Cambridge has secured 7 thousand Dollars, and the two 20,000's, 10,000's, 5,000's, &c. were sold in the two last State Lotteries, and the CASH for the whole instantly paid in present money, as usual.

OR ORDER any of the United States, either by mail, post paid, or by private conveyance, enclosing the Cash or price of any of the Lotteries, will meet the same upon actual payment as if on personal application, addressed to

**J. I. COHEN, JR.—BALTIMORE.**

♦ ♦ COHEN'S "Lottery Agents and Registrar" will contain the full list of all the Lotteries that will be forwarded throughout the Lottery, gratis, to all who purchase their Tickets at COHEN'S OFFICE.—Those who wish to receive the drawings will mention it when they send on their



**SARAH & MARCY DAVIS,**  
RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public in general, that they manufacture SUSPENDERS of every description, and particularly J. Davis's Genuine Patent Improved Suspenders, which answer for pantaloons and drawers, such as no one else makes. Likewise **CRAT STEPPERS**, of the best quality can be had, wholesale and retail of.

**No. 31, South Front Street.**

We hope that our attention to business will me it the favours of the public.

N. B.—The Patent can be seen by applying as above, noon, 6—m

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**PROPOSALS**

By JOHN SIMMON, Bookseller and Stationer, South West corner of Third and Tannamany streets, Philadelphia, for publishing, by subscription, MEMOIRS OF THE LIFE OF DAVID FRANKLIN an approved Minister of the Society of Friends. Revised and corrected from the original copy in Manuscript. It will be printed on a fine paper and bound in cloth, and contain about 14 pages duodecimo, and offered to subscribers, bound in boards, at 37 1/2 cents a copy.

Nov 6—18

This image shows a vertical strip of a document page. On the left side, there is a dark, textured binding or cover. The right side is a lighter, possibly damaged or stained, area of the page. The overall appearance is that of an old or worn document.



